

# Year 1 Geography Knowledge Organiser: Homes Around the World

## Vocabulary

	<b>earth</b>	The planet we live on.
	<b>globe</b>	A round model of our Earth.
	<b>continent</b>	One of the world's seven main areas of land.
	<b>climate</b>	The weather conditions in an area over a long period of time.
	<b>ocean</b>	A wide expanse of sea.
	<b>Southern Hemisphere</b>	The half of the Earth which is south of the equator.
	<b>Northern Hemisphere</b>	The half of the Earth which is north of the equator.
	<b>equator</b>	An imaginary line drawn on the Earth dividing it into Northern and Southern hemispheres.
	<b>home</b>	A sheltered space where you permanently live with your family
	<b>country</b>	A large area of land where people live under the same government



## Key Knowledge

1. There are 7 continents; Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica, Europe and Australasia.
2. There are 5 oceans; Pacific, Atlantic, Indian, Southern and Arctic.
3. The countries near the equator are the hottest.
4. Homes are different in different continents. You need to think about things like the climate when you are building your house.
5. Houses need to keep people safe from their environments for example heavy snow, strong wind, rain and heat.

## Read all about it



## The Seven Continents and Five Oceans



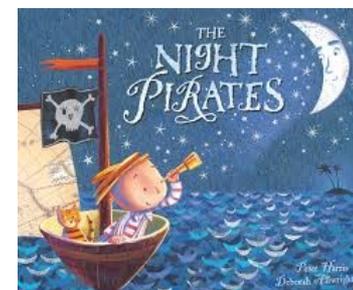
# Year 1 Geography Knowledge Organiser: Pirates, Maps and Journeys

## Vocabulary

	direction	Information on where to go
	key	A code that helps you to understand parts of the map
	human feature	Something built by humans (such as a road)
	physical feature	Something that is made by nature, not by a person (such as a mountain)
	near	When you are close to a person or thing
	far	When you are a long distance from a person or thing
	aerial photo	A photo that is taken from an aircraft or other flying object
	map	A picture of a particular area of the earth drawn or printed on to a flat surface
	bird's-eye view	A view from a high place that helps you see a large area
	town	A an area with streets, houses, and buildings
	symbol	Small pictures that represent map features © Focus Educati

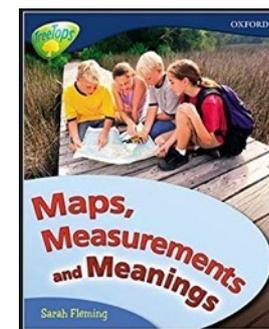


## Read all about it



## Key Knowledge

1. Maps can be used to show the size and position of roads, towns, countries, oceans and more.
2. Maps have been used for thousands of years.
3. There are many different types of maps such as map books, globes, atlases and electronic maps.
4. The first maps were painted on parchment paper.
5. A map displayed on a round surface is called a globe.



## Map symbols



# Year 1 Geography Knowledge Organiser: Kenya

## Vocabulary

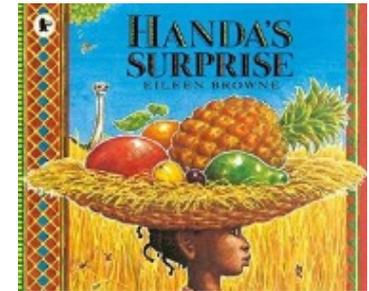
	<b>Kenya</b>	A large country in the east of Africa
	<b>African</b>	To be African is to belong to a group of countries in a continent called Africa.
	<b>equator</b>	The point on the earth that is the hottest. It is equal distance from the North and South pole.
	<b>climate</b>	The weather in an area over a long period of time.
	<b>drought</b>	Drought is a long period with little or no rain.
	<b>mud huts</b>	Houses built from mud
	<b>Maasai tribe</b>	A tribe in African who live in small villages and take care of cattle.
	<b>human feature</b>	Something built by humans (such as a road)
	<b>physical feature</b>	Something that is made by nature, not by a person (such as a mountain)



## Key Knowledge

1. The capital city of Kenya is Nairobi.
2. There are two main languages spoken in Kenya: English and Swahili.
3. Large animals like lions, buffalo, leopards and elephants live in Kenya.
4. Over half of the country does not have clean water to drink or wash with.

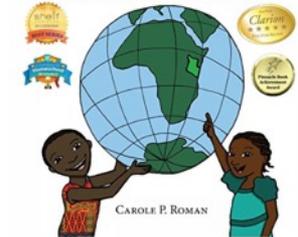
## Read all about it



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**KENYA**

A Child's Introduction to Culture Around the World



## Kenya



Maasai tribe

